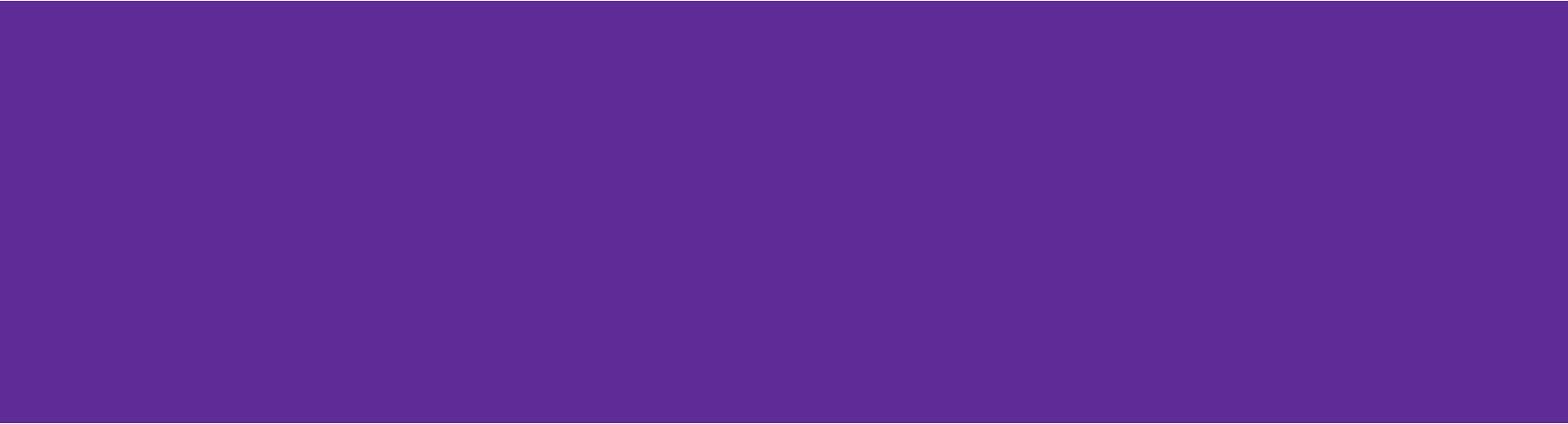


Update on Education Related Legislation

TUHSD Board of Trustees
October 29, 2019

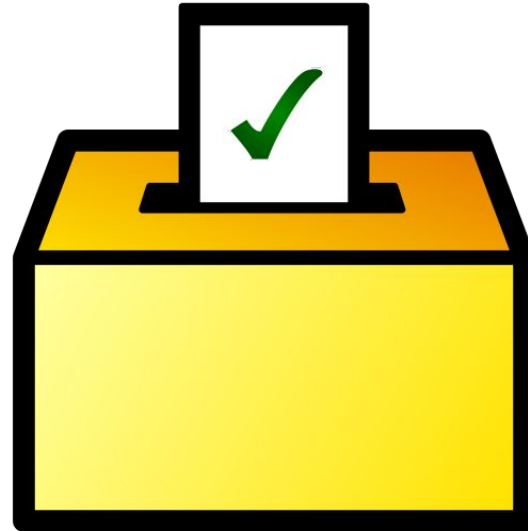


Overview

- Several bills have been signed into law that impact school districts
 - SB 328-Late Start Bill
 - AB 1505 and 1507-Charter School Reform
 - AB 218 Statute of Limitations Extension
 - AB 543 Sexual Harassment Prevention Poster

Things We are Still Watching

- Split Roll Initiative
- Full and Fair Funding Initiative



Senate Bill 328-Portentino

- Requires all non-rural high schools to start no earlier than 8:30
- zero period classes to be offered prior to 8:30 am
- Districts would need to comply by July 1, 2022 or by the date upon which the existing collective bargaining agreement with the teachers' union (as of January 2020) expires, whichever is later
- District will work with Mill Valley Schools and town officials as well as Larkspur-Corte Madera SD as well as public transit to determine what shifts will need to happen
- Total impact not yet known

AB 1505 & AB 1507

- **Charter School Reform**

- 1505 makes changes to charter school authorization, renewal, and appeal process; 2 year moratorium on the establishment of a non classroom-based charter schools
- 1507 eliminates the authorization for a charter school to be located outside the boundaries of its authorizer

Assembly Bill 751-O'Donnell

- This bill would have allowed District's to substitute the SAT or ACT for the CAASPP.
 - It did not pass



AB 218-Statute of limitations

- Extends the timeframe in which a victim of childhood sexual assault can file a complaint to 40 years of age or 5 years from the discovery of the injury
 - Also provides a 3 year period in which expired claims may be revived

AB 1353-Classified probationary period

- This bill shortens the length of time of a classified employees probationary period from no more than year to no more than 6 months
- This was done to bring merit based and non merit based school districts in alignment

AB 543-Sexual Harassment Prevention Posters

- Commencing in January 2020 all high schools must create and post a poster
 - The poster shall be 8.5 by 11 inches and use 12- point font;
 - The poster must be in English and any primary language spoken by 15 percent of the pupils at the school site;
 - The language must be age appropriate and culturally relevant,
 - The poster shall display all of the following:
 - The rules and procedures for reporting a charge of sexual harassment;
 - The name, phone number, and email address of an appropriate school site official to contact to report a charge of sexual harassment;
 - The rights of the reporting pupil, the complainant, and the respondent, and the responsibilities of the school site in accordance with the applicable written policy on sexual harassment.
 - “Prominent location” means that location, or those locations, in the main administrative building or other area where notices regarding the institution’s rules, regulations, procedures, and standards of conduct are posted. The poster is required to be displayed prominently and conspicuously in each bathroom and locker room at the school site.

Ballot Initiatives -November 2020 Election

- Prop 13 Split Roll would change some aspects of Proposition 13 for Commercial and Industrial properties
- Full and Fair Funding would raise taxes on corporations and individuals with taxable income above \$1m
- Both will likely face strong opposition

Proposition 13 Split Roll Initiative- Nov 2020 Ballot

- Would generate about \$4B for K-14 California school systems
- Requires reassessment of commercial properties regularly based on fair market value, not just ownership changes
 - Resulting revenues would be provided to the statewide Local School and Community College Property Tax Fund-to be distributed outside of Prop 98
 - For Community Funded Districts-the amount of new revenue that would be provided is subtracted from the amount of property tax above the LCFF limit
 - For our district, we would likely receive \$100 per student-
 - about \$510, 000/year

This initiative is not polling well and will likely have strong opposition

Full and Fair Funding Initiative-Nov 2020

- Would generate about \$15B for K-14 California public school systems
- Raises taxes on corporate income of more than \$1m by up to 5%
- Raises personal income taxes on taxable income over \$1m by up to 2% and up to 3% on taxable income over \$2m
- Revenues would go directly to local education agencies and would be outside of Prop 98 funding and could not be diverted by the legislature

This, too, will likely have opposition.

Questions

